

2. What great (and apparently new) thing did Jehoshaphat do next (17:6-9)? _____

In what was Jehoshaphat's heart lifted up at this time?

3. What prevented the kingdoms surrounding Judah from waging war against Judah (17:10)? _____

4-5. What activities occupied Jehoshaphat and Judah at this time (17:11-19)? _____

What was specially noted about Amasiah in verse 16?

6. What application might Jehoshaphat's activity have for us today?

Saturday (November 27)—prayerfully read II Chronicles 18, Jehoshaphat allies with Ahab, calls in Micaiah, and Ahab dies.

1. With whom did Jehoshaphat join forces, and to where did he agree to go (18:1-3)? _____

2. What did Jehoshaphat request of Ahab before going up against Ramoth-gilead, and what was his follow-up request (18:4-8)?

Name the true prophet. _____

3. Compare and contrast the response of the false prophets and the true prophet (18:9-17). _____

4. What seemed most to offend the false prophet Zedekiah (18:18-24)?

5. What did Ahab order to be done with the true prophet, and what did Jehoshaphat do to stop this mistreatment (18:25-28)? _____

6. Why do you suppose the king of Syria commanded his people to fight only with the king of Judah (18:28-34)? _____
Who won this battle at Ramoth-Gilead? _____

due November 28, 2021

Rehoboam, Abijah, Asa, and Jehoshaphat II Chronicles 13-18

Monday (November 22)—Abijah's reign and his defeat of Jeroboam (II Chronicles 13).

1. Who fought, who gave a great speech (13:1-4)? _____

2. What do you suppose was the intent of this great speech (13:5-12)?

3. What did Jeroboam do while Abijah was speaking (13:13-14)?

4. Who prevailed (won), and what reason is given for their victory (13:15-20)? _____

5. How many wives and children did Abijah accumulate (13:21)?

6. Give something that you can apply to your life from this section.

Tuesday (November 23)—consider Asa's beginning and the defeat of Zerah the Ethiopian (II Chronicles 14).

1. What king followed Abijah, and what did he command Judah (14:1-4)? _____

2. How many times in the first eight verses of II Chronicles 14 does it read that the land was quiet or had rest, and for how long was this true? _____

What did Asa lead Judah to do while the land was at rest (verse 7)?

3. II Chronicles 14:7 finishes with "So they built and prospered"; given the context of the first eight verses of the chapter, what seems to be connected with their prospering? _____

4. Compare the number of soldiers between Asa and Zerah the Ethiopian (14:8-9). _____

5. What two things did Asa do in response to the Ethiopians coming out against him (14:9-11)? _____

What is mentioned three times in Asa's defeat of Zerah in verses 13-15? _____

6. The whole Bible is about God; what does this chapter tell us about God? _____

Wednesday (November 24)—**prayerfully** read II Chronicles 15, the prophets Azariah and Oded preach to Asa who responds well.

1. What did Azariah the prophet exhort King Asa and all Judah and Benjamin to do (15:1-7)? _____

2. What three things had Israel been without for a long season (15:3)? _____

3. What people assembled with Asa in Jerusalem (15:8-15)? _____

Why did they assemble? _____

4. Who was found (15:15)? _____

5. Who was removed from being queen (15:16)? _____

(bonus) For how many years was there no war, after fighting with the Ethiopians (14:1, 9; 15:19)? _____

6. Give something you can "work out" (Philippians 2:12) from this story of chapter 15. _____

Review memorizing the kings of Judah (beginning with David) by seeing if you can recite the names of the first six! The first six are David, Solomon, Rehoboam, Abijah, Asa, and Jehoshaphat! The next five (including the usurper Athaliah) are **Jehoram, Ahaziah, Athaliah, Joash, and Amaziah**. Distinguishing facts for each are **Jehoram** (married Athaliah the wicked daughter of Ahab), **Ahaziah** (killed by Jehu), **Athaliah** (only woman to reign), **Joash** (rebuilt temple and went bad when Jehoiada died), and **Amaziah** (defeated Edomites and then worshiped their gods).

The goal is to be able to recite all twenty of them (3:10-16) by the time our study of I-II Chronicles is completed, and to be able to give a distinguishing fact for each! **You can do this!** Give a distinguishing fact about each of the first six kings of Judah (beginning with David)! **David** (man after God's heart), **Solomon** (wisest), **Rehoboam** (kingdom divided in his day), **Abijah** (defeated Jeroboam I after giving great speech), **Asa** (good but sought not the LORD regarding his diseased feet), **Jehoshaphat** (allied with Ahab)!

Thursday (November 25)—prayerfully read II Chronicles 16, Asa relies on Syria and is rebuked by Hanani, Asa gets angry and dies ("diseased in his feet").

1. Who besieged Judah, and where did Asa (and Judah) turn for help (16:1-3)? _____

What did Baasha intend in his building Ramah (16:1)? _____

2. What did Asa do with the materials used in building Ramah (16:6)? _____

3. Who rebuked Asa, and for what did he rebuke him (16:7-9)? _____

Contemplate II Chronicles 16:9!

4. Who do you suppose were "some of the people" oppressed by Asa at this same time, as mentioned in 16:10? _____

5. What mistake (sin) did Asa repeat (16:12-14)? _____

For how long did Asa deal with disease in his feet? _____

6. What personal application can you make from this section? _____

Friday (November 26)—prayerfully read II Chronicles 17, Jehoshaphat experiences revival.

1. What two (or three) things did Jehoshaphat do that seemed to lead to his being established by the Lord (17:1-5)? _____

What did all Judah bring to Jehoshaphat (verse 5)? _____