

4. How were these twenty-four divisions divided (organized for service), and who recorded this before the king and other authorities (24:5-6)? _____

5. It is hard to follow these names, many seem “pulled out of the air” (in the sense of that we are not told in this passage “who begat whom”); this is what Bible scholars explore. These seem to be the significant (impacting) people in those days, just as we have such people in our day (Police Chief Kevin Martin, football star Tom Brady, car dealer and community leader Tom Ahl) who impact our lives but will simply be names (at best) in future generations. Take a little time to read through at least some of these names with this in mind. (When we read through the Bible it is good to read everything as it is all equally the word of God.)

6. Give something that you can apply to your life in this section (or pray one of the verses in this section, based on the observation that every verse in the Bible can be prayed)! _____

Saturday (October 16)—prayerfully read I Chronicles 25:1-31, details of the organizing of the musicians.

1. What group (calling, kind) of people is being organized in this chapter (24:1ff)? _____

2. How many times are we told in the first three verses of this chapter that these musicians should prophesy with instruments (25:1-3)? _____
This word “prophesy” is the same word used to speak of what prophets do when they speak with words, communicating as spokespeople for God; this teaches (reenforces) the view (reality) that music itself communicates, and not just the words attached to the notes (“the music is the message”; see also I Corinthians 14:7-8).

3. Name the three leading musicians (25:1-6). _____

4. What relationship did each of these three musicians have to those under their authority (“hands”) (25:6)? _____

Name the three instruments used “to give thanks and to praise the LORD” (25:6, 3). _____

5. How many of these were there who were instructed in the songs of the LORD, “even all that were cunning” (25:7) _____; how many groups of these were there (25:31) _____; and how many were in each group (25:9ff)?! _____

6. Give something that you can apply to your life in this section (or pray one of the verses in this section)! _____

due October 17, 2021

**David prepares for temple building (22),
David numbers Levites (23), David organizes the sons of Aaron (24-25)
I Chronicles 22-25**

Monday (October 11)—prayerfully read of David’s preparing materials and Solomon for temple building (22:1-10).

1. What two parts of the coming temple are noted in I Chronicles 22:1? _____

2. Who was gathered apparently to do the work of cutting the stones for the temple (22:2)? _____

3. What three materials did David prepare in abundance (22:3-4)? _____

4. What did David say must be true of the house that is to be built for the LORD (22:5)? _____

5. David called for Solomon his son and charged him to build a house for the LORD God; what reason did he give Solomon for the LORD’s not using David to build this house (22:6-10)? _____

What did the LORD tell David would be the (contrasting) nature of his son’s kingdom? _____

What would God be to David’s son? _____

6. Give something that you can apply to your life from this section. _____

Tuesday (October 12)—please enjoy reading of David’s exhorting Solomon and the princes in temple building (19:11-19).

1. What four or five directives (commands) did David give Solomon (22:11-13)? _____

2. What help did David say that Solomon would have (in 22:11-12)? _____

What do you suppose David meant in saying to Solomon in verse 12 “the LORD…give you charge concerning Israel”? _____

3. How (not what) did David say that he had prepared for the house of the LORD (22:14)? _____

4. List what David had prepared for the building of the temple (qualitatively not quantitatively—in other words, not the exact amounts) (22:14-16).

Give the summary command that David gave Solomon (end of this section).

5. What evidence did David give the princes that the LORD was with them and had given them rest (22:18)? _____

6. David commanded the princes to set their heart and their soul to seek the LORD their God, and to “arise and build”! Where in your life could you apply this great admonition?! _____

Wednesday (October 13)—**prayerfully** read I Chronicles 23:1-23, David’s making Solomon king and organizes the Levites.

1. When did David make Solomon his son king over Israel (23:1)? _____

2. Who witnessed David’s numbering of the priests and Levites (which is what this chapter is all about) (23:2)? _____

3. Who apparently was not numbered among the Levites _____, how many (male) Levites were numbered _____, and how were they classified (I see four classifications) (23:3-6)? _____

4. Name the three sons of Levi (by which the priestly workers were divided into courses) (23:6). _____

Spend two-three minutes reading our loud through at least some of these names (verses 7-23)!

5. Name the two sons of Moses (see 23:15). _____

6. Review memorizing the kings of Judah (beginning with David) by seeing if you can recite the names of the first six! The first six are **David, Solomon, Rehoboam, Abijah, Asa, and Jehoshaphat!** The goal is to be able to recite all twenty of them (3:10-16) by the time our study of I-II Chronicles is completed, and to be able to give a distinguishing fact for each! **You can do this!** Give a distinguishing fact about each of the first six kings of Judah

(beginning with David)! **David** (man after God’s _____), **Solomon** (_____), **Rehoboam** (kingdom _____ in his day), **Abijah** (defeated Jeroboam I after giving great _____), **Asa** (good but sought not the LORD regarding his diseased _____), **Jehoshaphat** (allied with _____) (Next week I hope to add some names!)

Thursday (October 14)—prayerfully read I Chronicles 23:24-32, “by the last words of David” (verse 27), he numbers the Levites.

1. Explain a possible reason for the difference in age of the numbering of the Levites (verse 3) and in those doing the work (verse 24; cf. verse 27).

2. Where did David say that God had given rest for His people to dwell forever, and what accompanying change was declared for the Levites (23:25-26)? _____

3. We are told that the Levites’ office was to “wait on the sons of Aaron”—but aren’t the sons of Aaron’s Levites?! (Levi was one of the twelve sons of Jacob whose descendants were called to fill the priestly office.) It seems that a unique group to fill a special function is established in the verses remaining in this chapter, called “the Levites.” It is a little confusing to have a group called “the Levites” who are subset of the descendants of Levi, all of whose descendants are called “priests”! (I think that I am getting this right, but maybe not!) Do you have a better explanation? _____

4-5. What was the assignment for the Levites (23:26-32)? _____

6. What personal application can you make from this section? _____

Friday (October 15)—prayerfully read I Chronicles 24:1-31, details of the division of the sons of Lot.

1. Name the four sons of Aaron (24:1). _____

2. What happened to Eleazar and Ithamar (24:2; cf. Num 3:1-4; 26:60-61)?

3. Who were the two sons of Eleazar and Ithamar who appear to be the leaders over the twenty-four divisions of servers in the house of the LORD (listed in verses 7-19) (24:3, 31)? _____

Who had more chief men, and how many did each have (24:4)?
